Solidarity call with the assembly of teachers and retirees of Iran on 5 October

Dear readers!

The number of retirees and employees of the government apparatus in the Islamic Republic of Iran is more than nine million.

The rest of the population is under the poverty line, with the exception of a small number of robberies with astronomical salaries.

Employees and private sector workers, retirees and retirees from the Social Insurance Fund often live in very catastrophic conditions. The minimum cost of a household is three and a half million toman, and the minimum wage of nine hundred thirty thousand Tomans does not even cover the weekly cost of a household.

Unemployment rates are outrages. Heidari, Deputy Minister of Labor, said that only "thirty percent of the working-age population in Iran work", but the Research Department of the Parliament of the Islamic Republic had announced the number of unemployed in seven million peoples.

The share of women in the labor market is less than 13%, and their wages are on average 40% lower than wages for men.

The brutal catastrophe of the exploitation of children is widespread. The Iranian Statistical Center announces a total of 1,700,000 children's are working. But according to official children statistics, according to official statistics, there are two million children, according to unofficial statistics, seven million children of work in Iran. Deutsche Weller, June 12, 2017.

These children are employed in masonry, crafts, carpet weaving, or as a chambermaid, begging or distributing drugs. They are the cheapest rape victims. Rabiei, Minister of Labor Hassan Rouhanis Cabinet, hopes to offer them with even less expensive teaching measures. Recently, he has introduced himself to them as a co-op for domestic services. In the meantime, "the plan for the removal of children from work" in Tehran with "Islamic hardness and austerity" was implemented on 7 September.

Last January the news agency ILNa announced the number of "Kulbaran" in the Islamic Republic of Iran to three hundred thousand. But Khedzri, a representative of the Government Parliament, estimated the number about 80,000.

Jahangiri, vice-president of the Islamic Republic's regime, said: "Eleven million people live in a bad situation on the outskirts of the big cities". September 17, 2017, it should be noted that a million of them are near the tomb of Imam Reza, the richest Iranian religious foundation in the slums.

The Minister of Health of the Islamic Republic said: "Thirty percent of Iranians do not have bread to eat, they are hungry."

Mohammad Vahdati, MP, said that 50% of marriage led to divorce, the main reasons being unemployment, lack of financial resources and addiction.

With the collapse of the family and, of course, the efforts of the pro-concubine clerics, the Islamic propaganda market has spread to the sexual slavery of poor Iranian women in the Persian Gulf and alongside Turkey, Afghanistan and Pakistan and even the Kurdish Free zone.

Addiction, suicide, the Skape of the brains and capital has become more frightening and widespread. With bankruptcy, theft, and hoards, the plundered people have come to the streets. Millions of workers struggle for their belated wages. The "reformist" law of temporary employment contracts has deprived them of their working security.

The returnees of the country and the army protested in Tehran on August 25th there loud shouting heard: "Our table is empty, give back my vote."

In such circumstances, Khamenei's chief judge assigns a thousand billions of dollars of deposits of the people in his bank account, and with an interest rate of twenty-two percent, he throws 600,000 Tomans a day in his pocket.

The workers who claim their wage arrears are answered by police forces with batons and tear gas. We saw the example on August 17 and 18 in Arak and the confrontation with the workers of the Hepco and Azar factories.

While Ahmadinejad called his accomplices in the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps "smuggling brothers," the newspaper Mizan recalls that more than a third of Iranian trade was smuggled and hidden.

These armed smugglers shoot the poor Kulbar and oppress the people protesting against these obvious crimes.

Slum dwellers are whipped. Two women, Suzan Razani and Shiva Kheirabadi, were condemned to participate in May Day celebrations in Sanandaj. The same sentence was issued for seventeen Takab workers who had protested the expulsion of fifty-one of their Co-workers, as well as for thirty workers of the Chador Malu mine, four Razi petrochemical workers, and ...

While syndicate activists in our country have a 110-year history, representatives of teachers, workers, and employees are now being exposed to the demands of their government's rights.

In protest against these oppressions, the Coordinating Council of Teacher Organizations of Iran, together with the trade unions of the retired and civilian workers, called for demonstration everywhere in Iran for the thirteenth day of the month, the day of the International Teacher.

https://kooshandegan.org/2000-2

The regime of the Islamic Republic will face this global step with its full force.

We, Iranian refugees from different political believe express our solidarity with Iranian teachers and retirees by signing this appeal by translating this text and sending it to various media, syndicates, parties, parliaments, and associations. We invite the general public to support this movement.

Let's no longer allow the voice of the oppressed to remain in silence

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